The Contractor Cost Data Report System A Status Report

Tom Coonce

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Agenda

- What are CCDRs and why are they needed
- CCDR history
- Re-engineering objectives and strategy
- Changes in policy, processes, and reports
- Data collection efforts
- Automation efforts (making data available)
- Educating participants

What Are CCDRs and Why Are They Needed?

- Materiel developers are required to prepare and submit cost reports on major systems (ACAT I, II, & III)
- CCDRs consist of four data reports
 - Cost Data Summary Report (provides actual and estimated completion costs by a work breakdown structure)
 - Functional Cost Hour Report (provides functional costs and estimated completion cost for a given WBS element)
 - Progress Curve Report (provides actual and estimate to complete recurring costs by unit or lot for selected elements)
 - Plant-Wide Data Report (provides business and cost information to estimate future contractor overhead rates)

CCDR Reporting Policy (Constant 1996 Dollars)

<u>Category</u>	RDT&E	Production	<u>Annual</u>	<u>Acquisition</u>	Life Cycle
ACAT I (D & C)*	>\$355M	>\$2.135B			
ACAT 1A**			>\$30M	>\$120 M	>\$360M
ACAT II***	>\$140 to <u><</u> \$355M	>\$645M to <\$2.135B			
ACAT III	<u><</u> \$140M	≤\$645M	≤\$30M	≤\$120 M	<u>≤</u> \$360M

Note: All costs are shown in FY 1996 constant dollars

^{*} Major Defense Acquisition Program (MDAP)

^{**} Major Automated Information System (MAIS)

^{***} Major System

Why CCDRs are Needed

- Cost reports are used by DoD cost analysts to prepare cost estimates of major DoD systems, particularly weapon systems
- Plant-Wide Data Reports are used to perform overhead studies and risk assessments

CCDR History and Challenges

- CCDRs started in 1973
- Several studies performed from 1992 1994
 - Concluded:
 - » Commitment disappeared
 - » Structural weaknesses lowered confidence in data
 - » Cost estimators need "actuals"
 - » System can be effective
 - » Data not readily available
 - Recommended:
 - » Reaffirm commitment
 - » Rebuild confidence in the data
 - » Eliminate disincentives to collection and use
 - » Make data available
 - » Educate and train users

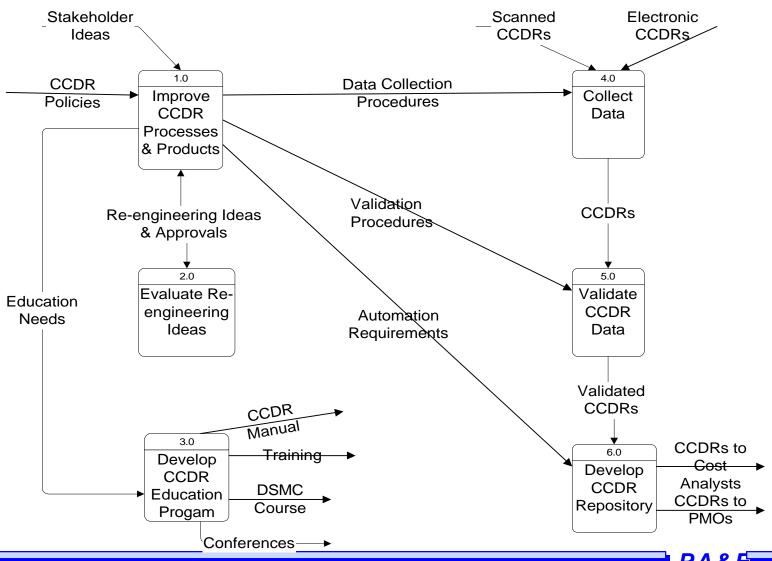
CCDR History and Challenges (Concluded)

- Acquisition streamlining efforts questioned level of detail and frequency of reports (1995)
- Dr. Kaminski (OUSD, A&T) provided re-engineering charter (January 1996)
 - Reduced reporting elements and report frequency
 - Encouraged industry participation in determining reports
 - Recommended establishment of a Centralized Repository to accept cost reports electronically and provide ready data access
- CCDR-Project Office (CCDR-PO) established and funded (1997)
- CCDR-PO currently implementing re-engineering strategy

CCDR-PO Objectives

- Improve the quality of cost data
- Minimize data collection cost
- Make the data readily available to the cost analysis community

Strategy to Implement Objectives



Improve CCDR Processes and Products

- Established mechanism to develop changes
 - Set up and staffed the CCDR-Project Office (CCDR-PO)
 - Formed a CCDR users group (CCDR Focus Group) consisting of industry and government representatives
- Established and agreed to a collaborative CCDR planning/approval process (CIPT)
- Made changes to DoD 5000.2-R
- Made changes to reports
 - Supplanting the Plant-Wide Data Report with DCMC provided data
 - Restricting applicability of Progress Curve Report
 - Adding a report for software intensive systems
- Experimenting with alternate collection methods
- Rewrote the CCDR Pamphlet to a CCDR Manual

Changes to CCDR Policy - DoD 5000.2-R

- Deletes reference to Category I and II reporting
- Changes dollar thresholds for reporting:
 - Raises reporting threshold from \$2.4M to \$40M
 (Constant 96\$s) for <u>all</u> contracts
 - Raises "floor" from \$2.4 to 6M (constant 96\$s) for <u>high risk</u> or <u>high technical interest</u> contracts (as determined by CIPT and PM)
- Clarifies reporting requirements for Commercial/Non-commercial FFP competitively awarded contracts
 - Required if contract was not competitively awarded or if competition does not continue to exist
 - (Note: Services Cost Centers still want reports on all FFP contracts, but this was not included. Issue still open)

PA&E

Changes to CCDR Policy - DoD 5000.2-R (Concluded)

- Provided waiver for ships but not shipboard systems
- Services may reduce but not increase reporting levels and frequency for ACAT II and III programs
- Allows CIPT to define reporting frequency to meet program needs
- Will be released as part of Change 4
 - Now in final coordination expect release any day now
 - Will be posted on acquisition web site (and CCDR web site http://www.ida.org/ccdr)

Changes to Reports

- Surveyed industry and cost users about reports
- Purpose of survey:
 - Are data elements still useful?
 - Should elements be deleted?
 - Should elements be modified?
 - Should elements be added?
 - Collect ideas on validation procedures
 - Collect ideas to improve definitions

Survey Results

- Plant-Wide Data Report
 - Industry concluded:
 - "burdensome to prepare"
 - » Data element definitions need some refinement
 - » Doubt utility (never get any questions)
 - » Eliminate report. Data available from other sources (DCAA and DCMC)
 - Users concluded:
 - » Not used that much, but very important in doing overhead studies
 - » Agreed that data available elsewhere, but not readily accessible
 - » Indirect categories need to be updated
 - » Keep requirement, but update report

Survey Results (Concluded)

Other report formats

- Industry concluded:
 - » Questioned validity of recurring/non-recurring because programs define this differently
 - » Accounting systems do not easily identify recurring and nonrecurring. Therefore, burdensome to set up
 - » Definition of lot needs improvement (1921-2)
- Users concluded:
 - » Cost Data Summary Report and Functional Cost- Hour Report most useful
 - » Dissatisfied with data on subcontractors (don't always get it)
 - » Progress Curve Report useful for specific programs and specific points in time
 - » Definitions across reports should be more consistent

Plant-Wide Data Report Changes

- Cost community want to retain with changes to the report
- CCDR-PO analyzing ways of getting same data directly from DCMC or the contractors
 - Conducting joint DCMC & OSD feasibility study
 - Artifacts already exist through rate negotiation process between contractors and DCMC
 - Targeted artifacts:
 - » Forward Price Rate Proposal (from contractors)
 - » Forward Price Rate Recommended (from DCMC)
 - » Forward Price Rate Agreement (from DCMC)
 - » Chart of accounts (elements of cost within indirect pools)
- Report likely to be supplanted with DCMC provided data
- Raw data to be available to community (initially)

Changes to Other Reports

- Analyzing feedback from user surveys
- Preliminary findings:
 - Cost Data Summary Report needs little, if any, modifications
 - Functional Cost-Hour Report needs to add units and delete certain detailed functional categories for subcontractors
 - Progress Curve Report should be retained, as is, but rules for applicability need to be changed
 - » Report should be specified only during development and initial production lot for programs which will produce "high" quantities
- Changes to reports will be determined through a cost analysis "tiger team" to meet in February, 1999

Additional Report for Software

- Cost community very concerned about lack of data on software intensive systems
- CAIG Chair directed CCDR-PO to research
- Drafted data elements (embedded in systems or MAIS)
- Discussed with PA&E representatives responsible for economic analysis of ACAT IA (MAIS) programs
- Plan to agree on resource and parametric data and present to cost analysis tiger team
- Will present results to CAIG Chair and C³I management
- Will likely require a change to DoD 5000.2-R

Draft Data Elements for Software Intensive Programs

- System parameter data
 - Application type
 - Application domain
 - Development method
 - Process rating (SEIs, CMM)
 - Average years experience of personnel in application domain
 - Number of defects (?)
- Resource data by WBS
 - Staff months (level of effort) and dollars
 - Schedule data

Draft Data Elements for Software Intensive Programs (Concluded)

- Proposed WBS/Cost Element Structure (CES)
 - System requirements and analysis
 - System design
 - Coding and unit testing
 - » Development tools (dollars)
 - » COTS (dollars)
 - » Modification to COTS
 - » Modification to existing code
 - » Application code
 - » Integration or "glue" code
 - System testing
 - Documentation
 - Training
 - Maintenance (corrective, perfective & adaptive)

Metrics collected for these elements would be SLOC, Objects, Forms, Reports, or Function Points as determined by CIPT



Alternative Reporting Methods

Proposed process

- Contractors provide data and algorithm in electronic format
- Contractors periodically update algorithm to reflect accounting changes
- DoD applies algorithm to data and prepares reports

Issues

- What is the cost effective solution?
 - » Identify all contractor and DoD costs associated with the two alternatives i.e., DoD prepared report as described above and the traditional contractor prepared CCDR report
 - » Evaluate quality of data under each of the two alternatives
 - » Assess contractor confidence in mapped results prepared by DoD

Alternative Reporting Methods (Continued)

- Issues (concluded)
 - Is there a need for the contractor to provide data in a standard format?
 - How will the contractor deliver the data and algorithm to DoD e.g., diskette, EDI?
 - What DoD office should be responsible for implementing the algorithm e.g. PM, CCDR-PO?
 - Will DoD perform mapping manually or with an automated tool?

Alternative Reporting Methods (Concluded)

- CCDR-PO working with JSF JPO and CIPT to gain experience
 - JPO provided 3 WBSs from 3 contractors
 - CIPT reviewed aircraft WBSs
 - » Contractor WBSs very different; one is functional, the other more product oriented
 - CIPT developed generic aircraft WBS
 - Aircraft WBS approved by PM and CIPT
 - PM to set up process to map algorithm into generic WBS
 - Demonstrate Prototype to the Focus Group

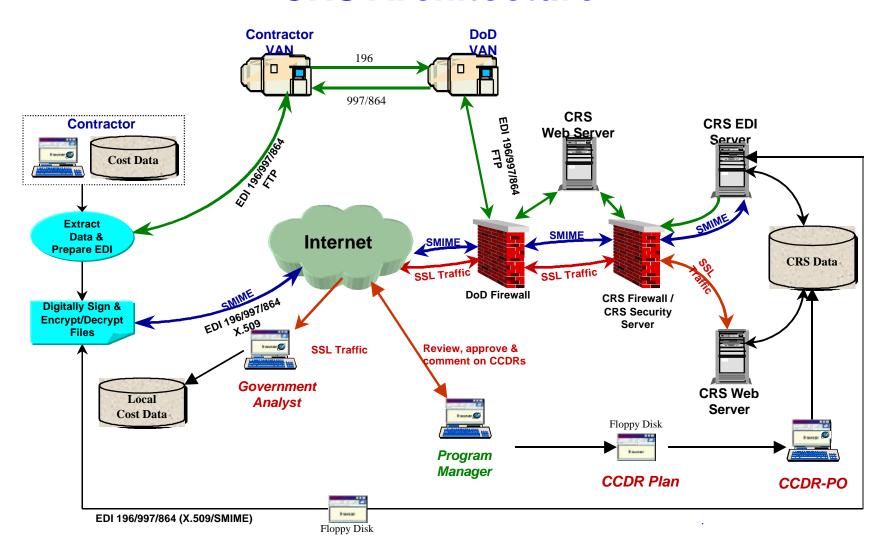
Data Collection Efforts

- Organized, cataloged, and scanned OSD inventory of reports
- Collected and scanned 50 percent of ACAT II and ACAT III CCDR data (Army and Navy reports)
- Developed and delivered a CCDR Planning tool (assists government program managers in planning for CCDRs)
- Developed and fielded a CRS Pre-Processor (reduces cost to contractors of putting cost data into established electronic format)
- Acknowledged receipt of reports through e-mail

Automation Efforts

- Developed and delivered stand-alone retrieval systems to Navy, Army and Air Force Cost Centers as well as NAVAIR (allows users to search and retrieve historical reports until internet-based CRS is completed)
- Developed and implemented process to provide access to non-government personnel (through rigid administration of Non-Disclosure Agreements)
- Completed requirements analysis, detailed design, hardware and software acquisition and began construction of a secure internet-based submission and retrieval system (CRS). System to be fielded in June 1999

CRS Architecture



Educating Participants

- Re-wrote CCDR Pamphlet into the CCDR Manual
 - Coordinated it through the Focus Group and service cost centers
 - Approved by CAIG and PA&E management
 - Undergoing final DoD approvals
- Developed a training program
 - Now finalizing CCDR training materials
 - On-site initial training planned FY 99 (executive and detail courses)
 - Intend to establish a Defense Acquisition University course (subject to funding availability)

Educating Participants (Concluded)

- Presented re-engineering status reports at conferences
- Established web site: http://www.ida.org/ccdr
- Developed and published article on CCDR reengineering